



INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR
PERIODIC TEST- II (2023-24)
SUBJECT -EVS
CLASS - IV
SET -B

Date of Exam: 14/01/2024

Time Allotted: 40 Minutes

Max. Marks: 20

(Note: This question paper consists of 2 printed pages. Please check that you have all the pages.)

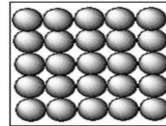
Q1. Choose the correct answer for the following questions:

(1×5=5)

i. Which of the following substances has the molecular arrangement as shown in the picture?

- A) Rock
- C) Steam

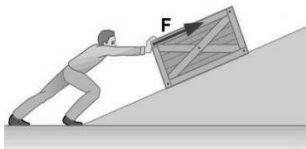
- B) Juice
- D) Water



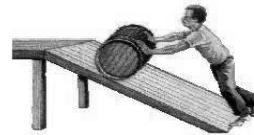
ii. Manu mixes salt to water to make a solution. Which option is correct based on this statement?

- A) Salt is solvent and water is solute
- B) Salt is solute and water is solvent
- C) Both salt and water are solvent
- D) Both salt and water are solute

iii. Observe the given pictures. Identify the wrong statement from the given options:



Activity A



Activity B

- A) Activity A needs more force than B
 - B) Activity A needs more energy than B
 - C) Activity A and B needs same force
 - D) Activity B needs less energy than A
- iv. Vehicles are able to move on road because of _____ between the tyre and the road.
- A) Gravitational Force
 - B) Muscular Force
 - C) Mechanical Force
 - D) Friction
- v. Which of the following activities require more energy?
- A) Using a washing machine
 - B) Doing homework
 - C) Washing clothes by hands
 - D) Playing chess

Q2. There are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R) .

(1×2=2)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- A. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- B. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- C. Assertion (A) is true and Reason (R) is false.
- D. Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is true.

i. **Assertion(A):** Solar energy is used to light solar bulbs

Reason(R): Energy can change from one form to another.

ii. **Assertion(A):** A change in the state of matter can happen on heating or cooling a substance.

Reason (R): On cooling, gases change into liquid state and this process is called evaporation.

Q3. Give reason for the following:

(1×2=2)

i. A ball thrown in the air comes back to the surface.

ii. Anu dissolved some salt in water. She observed that there was no increase in the volume.

Q4. Answer the following in one word:

(1×3=3)

i. A wall built across a river which holds back water and creates a reservoir _____

ii. A form of matter that has fixed shape and volume _____

iii. Identify the type of simple machine shown in the picture



Q5. Define the following:

(1×2=2)

i. Matter

Energy

Q6. Answer the following questions:

(3×2=6)

i. Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:

Matter is present everywhere. The air we breathe in, the things we use, even our bodies are all made up of matter. All matter is made up of molecules. The three most familiar states of matter are solid, liquid and gas. The three states of matter are interchangeable.

a) Differentiate between melting and freezing.

b) Which state of matter has neither definite shape nor definite volume?

c) Observe the figure 'A' and name the two processes involved in change in the state of matter .



ii. a) Water is an important source of energy. Name any two other sources of energy ?

b) What are the uses of windmills ?

c) How is electricity generated from water ?
